

Power Poxy HC

High-Resistance Epoxy Coating for Concentrated Acids and Alkalis

Description: -

A final epoxy coating with no shrinkage and high resistance to the effects of concentrated acids and alkalis, as well as heavy mechanical loads. It is based on solvent-free epoxy resin and carefully selected pigments.

Usage: -

- A protective layer resistant to acids, alkalis, corrosion, and abrasion for industrial flooring, such as factory and warehouse floors.
- Coating for floors and walls of chemical plants, textile factories, workshops, and aircraft hangars.
- Filling joints in floors and tiles resistant to chemicals and mechanical loads.
- Acid- and alkali-resistant coating for high-concentration chemicals.
- Coating for acid and chemical storage tanks.
- Coating for reservoirs, pipelines, and metal structures exposed to harsh chemical and environmental conditions.
- Coating for road infrastructure, bridges, and wastewater treatment plants.

Advantages: -

- High durability under heavy mechanical loads.
- Excellent resistance to concentrated acids and alkalis.
- Strong adhesion to concrete and metal surfaces.
- Suitable for use with approved primers on concrete surfaces.
- High resistance to corrosion, abrasion, and wear factors.

Characteristics: At 25°

color	Red / customized
Solid ratio	100 %
Density (g / cm ³)	1.4 ± 0.05 kg /L
Mix ratio	3 : 1
Pot life	30 Minutes
Second coat	24 hours
Full hardness	7 days

Application instructions: -

Surface Preparation & Application Guidelines

1. Surface Preparation

- The surface must be thoroughly cleaned from dust, oils, greases, and loose particles.
- If there are any acid or chemical residues, the surface should be washed with a soapy solution and then dried completely.
- The surface must be left for three days to ensure complete drying before applying the coating.

2. Coating Application

1. Primer Application:

- Apply Power Poxy Primer for concrete surfaces or Power Shield for metal surfaces.

2. Mixing Components:

- Stir Component [A] thoroughly before adding the full content of Component [B].
- Mix the two components using a slow-speed mechanical mixer (300 RPM) until a homogeneous blend is achieved.

3. Dilution (If Required):

- If necessary, gradually dilute the mixture with Power Solve SF solvent, ensuring that the dilution does not exceed 7% of the total weight.

4. Application Methods:

- Apply the coating using a brush, epoxy roller, or air spray gun.

5. Second Coat Application (If Required):

- If a second coat is needed, wait at least 18 hours after the first coat before application.

6. Anti-Slip Enhancement:

- For improved slip resistance, after applying the first coat, sprinkle a clean silica sand layer (particle size: 0.25 – 0.75 mm) at an average rate of 1 kg/m².
- Apply the second coat over the sanded surface.

Safety precautions: -

- The product should be applied in a well-ventilated area.
- Gloves, protective clothing, and eye goggles should be worn during application.
- Never eat, drink, or smoke during application.
- In case of skin contamination, wash the contaminated area with water and soap.
- In case of eye contamination, immediately wash with abundant lukewarm water and consult a doctor immediately.
- Avoid spilling residues of the product into any watercourse or soil.
- The used tools should be washed immediately after completion with water.
- Dispose of product residues or empty containers according to local environmental regulations.

Packages: -

The product is available in the following sizes: [1, 4, 20 Kg]

Storage: -

The product should be stored for two years in tightly sealed containers and under appropriate storage conditions.

For more information or inquiries, Visit our website.

Power-cp.net

Disclaimer: The technical data provided herein is accurate and correct as of the publication date and is subject to change without prior notice. The information in this datasheet is not exhaustive. Application conditions should comply with those mentioned in this datasheet. The company is not responsible for any losses resulting from application under differing conditions.

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